# Finding Money for College or Career School

Basics of Financial Aid and the FAFSA<sup>®</sup> Process

# We will talk about:

- Federal student aid
- State student aid
- Institutional aid
- Scholarships from other sources

## We will answer:

- What is financial aid?
- Who can get it?
- How much can I get?
- How do I apply?
- What happens next?
- Where can I get more info?

# What is financial aid?

- Money to pay for college or career school
  - Grants
  - Work-study
  - Loans
  - Scholarships

Info about types of aid: <u>StudentAid.gov/types</u>

# Who can get federal student aid?

- U.S. citizen/national or eligible noncitizen
- High school diploma or equivalent
- Eligible degree/certificate program in college/career school
- Student has valid Social Security number
- Males registered for Selective Service
- Satisfactory academic progress in college/career school

Info about eligibility: <u>StudentAid.gov/eligibility</u>

#### Who can get other kinds of financial aid?

- States, colleges, and private scholarships have their own eligibility criteria.
- Be sure you know what you need to do to qualify.

Info about finding scholarships: <u>StudentAid.gov/scholarships</u> In general, depends on your financial need.

- Financial need determined by Expected Family Contribution (EFC) and cost of attendance (COA)
- EFC comes from what you report on FAFSA® form
- COA includes tuition, fees, room and board, transportation, etc.

## How much federal student aid can I get?

Maximum amounts for the major programs for a dependent freshman in 2018-19:

- Federal Pell Grant: TBD (2017-18 max: \$5,920)
- Federal Work-Study: depends on funds available at school
- Direct Subsidized and Unsubsidized Loans: \$5,500 total
- Direct PLUS Loan (for parents): COA minus other aid received

Funds from other programs are available; see <u>StudentAid.gov/glance</u> for details.

For early estimate, use *FAFSA4caster*:

- Go to <u>fafsa.gov</u> and find link in "Thinking About College?" section (lower right of home page)
- Enter some financial information
- Get an estimate

# How much state, school, and private scholarship money can I get?

Depends on the program; do your research!

- Our state aid: [input amounts for state financial aid]
- Ask college financial aid offices for info about aid available at their schools
- Free scholarship search at
  <u>StudentAid.gov/scholarships</u>

- Federal student aid: apply at <u>fafsa.gov</u>
- State aid: [insert info about any state forms necessary and where to get them]
- School aid: contact financial aid offices at schools you are considering
- Scholarships: visit scholarship website or call contact number for information

- 1. Create a username and password called the FSA ID.
  - Learn about the FSA ID and find the link to create one at <u>StudentAid.gov/fsaid</u>.
  - You and your parent must each create your own FSA ID; you can't share one.
  - If you provide an email address when creating your FSA ID, it must be a unique email address (can't provide same email address for more than one person's FSA ID).
  - Don't tell anyone your FSA ID!

- 2. Gather the documents you need to apply.
  - Find checklist of what's needed on infographic called "The FAFSA Process" at StudentAid.gov/resources#fafsa-process-graphic
  - Optional: Preview some of the FAFSA questions on the FAFSA on the Web Worksheet. (Get worksheet at <u>StudentAid.gov/resources#worksheet</u>)

#### 3. Apply at <u>fafsa.gov</u>.

- Apply on or after October 1 but as early as possible to meet all deadlines.
  - State deadlines are at <u>fafsa.gov</u>.
  - School deadlines are listed on schools' websites.
- Use your (student's) FSA ID to start the application; saves time and confusion.
- Need help? Use the help functions within the FAFSA form (including live chat) or call 1-800-4-FED-AID.
- Don't forget: watch for the confirmation page that says your FAFSA form has been submitted. THEN log out.

- 4. Watch for response by email or by mail, confirming that your FAFSA form was processed.
  - Double-check that your info is correct by logging on at the FAFSA site and reviewing your data.
  - Correct any mistakes and submit the corrected info.
  - Don't update info that was correct on the day you signed your FAFSA form.

- 5. Watch for emails or letters from the schools you are considering.
  - Give the schools any additional paperwork they ask for.
  - Meet all deadlines or you could miss out on aid!

- Evaluate schools' aid offers.
- Once you decide which school to attend, keep in touch with the financial aid office to find out when and how you will get your aid.

#### Where can I get more info?

#### <u>StudentAid.gov</u>

- Info about aid programs
- Links to free scholarship and college searches
- 1-800-4-FED-AID or <u>studentaid@ed.gov</u>
  - Info about aid programs
  - Help with FAFSA form

#### Questions?

Contact information:

- [insert counselor/advisor/mentor name]
  - Phone: (xxx) xxx-xxxx
  - E-mail: xxxx@xxxx.xxx